

IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A coherent-scatter computed tomography apparatus for examination of an object of interest, the coherent-scatter computed tomography apparatus comprising:

a source of x-ray radiation; and

a single contiguous radiation detector array;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation is adapted to generate a fan-shaped radiation beam; wherein the single contiguous radiation detector array is asymmetrically arranged with respect to the fan-shaped radiation beam; wherein only a first part of the single contiguous radiation detector array is used for a cone beam data acquisition and simultaneously only a second part of the single contiguous radiation detector array is used for scatter radiation measurements, wherein the first part is different from the second part and is contiguous to the second part;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation and the single contiguous radiation detector array are rotatable around a rotational axis extending through an examination area for receiving the object of interest;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation is arranged opposite to the single contiguous radiation detector array during scanning;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation generates a fan-shaped x-ray beam adapted to penetrate the object of interest in the examination area in a slice plane;

wherein the single contiguous radiation detector array includes a plurality of detector lines each with a plurality of detector elements arranged in a line;

wherein the plurality of detector lines are arranged parallel to the slice plane;

wherein a primary radiation attenuated by the object of interest impinges directly on a first line of the plurality of detector lines;

wherein the first line is not a second line of the plurality of detector lines;

wherein the second line is extending close to the geometrical

center of the single contiguous radiation detector array; and

wherein the first line is the last line of the single
contiguous radiation detector array in a direction along which the
object of interest is displaced with respect to the single
contiguous radiation detector array.

2. (Currently Amended) The coherent-scatter computed
tomography apparatus of claim 1, wherein the single contiguous
radiation detector array is arranged such that the slice plane
intersects the single contiguous radiation detector array at a side
thereof.

3. (Currently Amended) The coherent-scatter computed
tomography apparatus of claim 2, wherein the object of interest is
displaced with respect to the slice plane along a scanning
direction which intersects the slice plane at an angle;

wherein a location where the slice plane intersects the single
contiguous radiation detector array is offset with respect to a
geometrical center of the single contiguous radiation detector
array; and

wherein the location is offset from the geometrical center in the scanning direction.

4. (Currently Amended) The coherent-scatter computed tomography apparatus of claim 1,

wherein the single contiguous radiation detector array comprises a plurality of detector lines; and

wherein the fan-shaped radiation beam has a width of at least two detector lines of the plurality of detector lines when the radiation beam impinges onto the single contiguous radiation detector array after transmission through the object of interest.

Claims 5-6 (Canceled)

7. (Currently Amended) The coherent-scatter computed tomography apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the first line is arranged at a distance from the geometric center of the single contiguous radiation detector array in the direction along which the object of interest is displaced with respect to the single contiguous radiation detector array during scanning.

8. (Currently Amended) The coherent-scatter computed tomography apparatus of claim 1,

wherein a third line of the plurality of detector lines measures a scatter radiation scattered from the object of interest; and

wherein the third detector line is offset from the first detector line in the direction along which the object of interest is displaced with respect to the single contiguous radiation detector array during scanning.

Claim 9 (Canceled)

10. (Currently Amended) A method of examining an object of interest, the method comprising the acts of:

energizing a source of x-ray radiation such that it generates a fan-shaped radiation beam; and

measuring the primary radiation attenuated by the object of interest and the scatter radiation scattered by the object of interest by the single contiguous radiation detector array which is

asymmetrically arranged with respect to the fan-shaped radiation beam, wherein only a first part of the single contiguous radiation detector array is used for a cone beam data acquisition and simultaneously only a second part of the single contiguous radiation detector array is used for scatter radiation measurement, wherein the first part is different from the second part and is contiguous to the second part;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation and the single contiguous radiation detector array are rotatable around a rotational axis extending through an examination area for receiving the object of interest;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation is arranged opposite to the single contiguous radiation detector array during scanning;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation generates a fan-shaped x-ray beam adapted to penetrate the object of interest in the examination area in a slice plane;

wherein the single contiguous radiation detector array includes a plurality of detector lines each with a plurality of detector elements arranged in a line;

wherein the plurality of detector lines are arranged parallel

to the slice plane;

wherein a primary radiation attenuated by the object of interest impinges on a first line of the plurality of detector lines;

wherein the first line is not a second line of the plurality of detector lines;

wherein the second line is extending close to the geometrical center of the single contiguous radiation detector array; and

wherein the first line is the last line of the single contiguous radiation detector array in a direction along which the object of interest is displaced with respect to the single contiguous radiation detector array.

Claim 11 (Canceled)

12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 10,

wherein the fan shaped radiation beam has a width of at least two detector lines of the plurality of detector lines when the radiation beam impinges onto the single contiguous radiation detector array after transmission through the object of interest

~~such that the first part of the single radiation detector array is used for a cone beam data acquisition and the second part of the single radiation detector array is used for scatter radiation measurements.~~

13. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable tangible medium ~~tangible~~ embodying a program of instructions executable for operating a coherent-scatter computed tomography apparatus, wherein, when the instructions are executed on a processor of the coherent-scatter computed tomography apparatus, the computer-readable medium causes the coherent-scatter computed tomography apparatus to perform the following operations:

energizing a source of x-ray radiation such that it generates a fan-shaped radiation beam; and

measuring a primary radiation attenuated by the object of interest and a scatter radiation scattered by an object of interest by means of a single contiguous radiation detector array which is asymmetrically arranged with respect to the fan-shaped radiation beam, wherein only a first part of the single contiguous radiation detector array is used for a cone beam data acquisition and

simultaneously only a second part of the single contiguous
radiation detector array is used for scatter radiation
measurements, wherein the first part is different from the second
part and is contiguous to the second part;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation and the single
contiguous radiation detector array are rotatable around a
rotational axis extending through an examination area for receiving
the object of interest;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation is arranged opposite to
the single contiguous radiation detector array during scanning;

wherein the source of x-ray radiation generates a fan-shaped
x-ray beam adapted to penetrate the object of interest in the
examination area in a slice plane;

wherein the single contiguous radiation detector array
includes a plurality of detector lines each with a plurality of
detector elements arranged in a line;

wherein the plurality of detector lines are arranged parallel
to the slice plane;

wherein a primary radiation attenuated by the object of
interest impinges on a first line of the plurality of detector

lines;

wherein the first line is not a second line of the plurality of detector lines;

wherein the second line is extending close to the geometrical center of the single contiguous radiation detector array; and

wherein the first line is the last line of the single contiguous radiation detector array in a direction along which the object of interest is displaced with respect to the single contiguous radiation detector array.

14. (New) The coherent-scatter computed tomography apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first part of the single contiguous radiation detector array is used for a half cone beam data acquisition.

15. (New) The method of claim 10, wherein the first part of the single contiguous radiation detector array is used for a half cone beam data acquisition.

16. (New) The computer-readable tangible medium of claim 13,

wherein the first part of the single contiguous radiation detector array is used for a half cone beam data acquisition.